

⑧ 'Non-performance of duty by a public servant is a form of corruption'. Do you agree with this view? Justify your answer.

Public servant who work to serve the people selflessly, with devotion.  
Public servant bound by rules, regulations and moral responsibility to perform his/her duty, non-performance amounts to form of corruption.

Non-performance of duty is form of corruption -

- As per Kautilya, public servants work efficiently to save wasteful expenditure of state.

Ex. Honesty, integrity, objectivity are service principles of public servants. In bidding process nonadherence to duty lead to crony capitalism, hepotism, favouritism.

- Duty is 'categorical imperative' as per Kant and W.D. Ross also gave importance to public servant's duty

- Duty of public servant focuses on 'deontological

approach' i.e. means are also duly taken care.

India where millions face poverty, hunger problems keep their hopes on government and administration, public servants non-performance of duty may left them neglected.

eg. PDS system - (Inclusion-exclusion errors)  
though technical, non-correction on public servants side is form of corruption.

Non-performance of duty give rise to collusive and coercive form of corruption.

eg. ~~to~~ provide free government services like - Aadhar registration, passport registration also taken as means to earn corrupt money by some public servants.

- Non-adherence to duty may not always lead to corruption.  
It is situation, personal intent determines result of action.

There should be adequate, periodic value training along with accountability and transparency mechanisms like - social audits, RTI system, use of technology (e-governance model)